

For each child in the care of a parent or foster mother receiving compensation: a monthly payment of \$25 in Saskatchewan and Alberta, \$20 in British Columbia, \$15 in Nova Scotia, \$12.50 in Prince Edward Island, \$12 in Newfoundland, New Brunswick, Ontario and Manitoba, and \$10 in Quebec.

For each orphan child: \$30 a month in Saskatchewan and British Columbia, \$25 in Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Alberta, \$20 in Newfoundland, Ontario and Manitoba, and \$15 in Quebec, with a maximum of \$100 per month to any one family in Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia. In Alberta, a further amount, not exceeding \$10 a month, may be given at the discretion of the Board.

Except in the case of invalids, payments to children are not continued beyond the age of 16 years in seven provinces. In Quebec, the age limit is 18 years and in New Brunswick and British Columbia compensation is paid to the age of 18 years, if the child is regularly attending school. In Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Board has discretion to pay compensation to the age of 18 years if it is considered desirable to continue a child's education. In New Brunswick, Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia, payments to invalid children are continued until recovery, while the other provinces make payments only for the length of time the Board considers that the workman would have contributed to their support.

Where the only dependants are persons other than consort or children, all the Acts provide that compensation is to be a reasonable sum proportionate to the pecuniary loss but the total monthly sum to be paid to all such dependants is limited to \$100 in Ontario, \$85 in Alberta, \$75 in British Columbia, \$60 in Manitoba and \$45 in Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia. In British Columbia, if there are parents as well as a widow or invalid widower or orphan children, the maximum payable to a parent or parents is \$75 a month. In all provinces, compensation to dependants, other than consort or children, is continued only for such time as the Board considers that the workman would have contributed to their support.

Except in Alberta and British Columbia, each Act places a maximum on the total amount of benefits payable to all dependants in case of death of the workman. In Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Manitoba, the maximum is two-thirds of the workman's earnings, in Quebec 70 p.c. and in Prince Edward Island 75 p.c. In Ontario and Saskatchewan, the average earnings are the maximum amount payable.

The minimum payable to a consort and one child in Quebec is \$55 per month, or \$65 if there is more than one child; in Manitoba, the minimum is \$12.50 per week, or if there is more than one child, \$15 per week; in Saskatchewan, it is \$85 a month, and if there are more children, \$100. In Newfoundland and Ontario, the minimum payable to a widow and five or more children is \$100 per month.

The rate for total disablement in Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Manitoba is a periodical payment for duration of disability equal to 66 $\frac{2}{3}$ p.c. of average earnings; in Quebec and British Columbia, the rate is 70 p.c. of earnings; and in Prince Edward Island, Ontario, Saskatchewan and Alberta, 75 p.c. Except in New Brunswick, the Acts fix minimum sums to be paid for a permanent total disability. The weekly minima are \$15 in Prince Edward Island, Quebec, Manitoba and British Columbia, \$20 in Saskatchewan and \$25 in Alberta. In Newfoundland, the minimum is \$65 per month, in Nova Scotia it is \$85 per month, and in Ontario \$100 per month. If, however, average earnings are less than these minima, the amount of the earnings is paid in all provinces except Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan.